# NORTH SOMERSET COUNCIL DECISION

DECISION OF: MIKE BELL, LEADER OF THE COUNCIL

AND MELANIE WATTS, S151 OFFICER

WITH ADVICE FROM:

DIRECTORATE: CORPORATE SERVICES

**DECISION NO:** CSD127 2025/2026

**SUBJECT:** Council Tax Base Setting 2026/27

**KEY DECISION: YES** 

# **BACKGROUND:**

Each year the council generates income to support its annual revenue budget by way of issuing a demand on residents asking them to pay council tax. The amount of council tax income payable by residents is dependent on a range of factors although is driven by the annual level of charge approved by Members before the start of each financial year. The council is able to forecast how much income it is likely to receive by calculating and setting its 'tax base', which is the number of Band D equivalent properties within the local authority area.

Under the Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base) Regulations 1992, made under the powers of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, the council has a statutory duty to set its tax base between 1<sup>st</sup> December and 31<sup>st</sup> January each year, in advance of applying this tax base in the following financial year.

The Regulations state that the tax base is to be calculated using data included on the valuation list on a 'specified day' in the previous year. For the tax base applied in respect of the 2026/27 financial year, the specified day is 30 November 2025.

The tax base information must be passed to each of the town and parish councils and other major precepting bodies in order that they may calculate their own precepts. The council requires each of the preceptors to confirm their precepts by the end of January so that they can be incorporated into the annual council tax setting report to Council in February.

The Regulations also define the council tax base as being the aggregate of the 'relevant amounts' calculated for each valuation band, which is then multiplied by the authority's estimated collection rate for the year.

The relevant amounts are calculated as the number of chargeable dwellings in each band shown on the valuation list on a specified day of the previous year, adjusted for the following:

- the number of discounts and reductions that apply to those dwellings;
- the number of new properties expected to become taxable over the 16 months from the specified day on a pro rata basis;
- the estimated collection rate applied to cover collection risk factors.

The proposed tax base for the 2026/27 financial year, which has been calculated in accordance with the Regulations noted above, is **83,249.1** and further details for each town and parish council are provided in Appendix A.

The final total tax base of 83,249.1 reflects a property related collection margin of 98.7% to ensure that the council takes into account a range of adjustments and anticipated reductions, including short-falls in council tax collection, the requirement to provide for bad debts and other uncertainties.

The proposed tax base for the year ahead is an increase of 488.3 Band D equivalent properties compared to the tax base for the current financial year (or 0.59%), with the largest change relating to the new property growth forecasts.

#### **DECISION:**

To approve the Council Tax Base for 2026/27 as set out in Appendix A.

# **REASONS:**

The council tax base is the measure of dwellings to which council tax is chargeable in an area or part of an area. It is used for the purpose of calculating the council's and precepting authority's Band D council tax.

#### **OPTIONS CONSIDERED:**

This is a statutory requirement and there are no other options available.

# FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS:

The calculated tax base of 83,249.1 Band D properties is a net increase of 488.3 properties compared to the tax base used to set the 2025/26 revenue budget.

The net increase in the tax base has been derived from the following movements:

- An increase in number of chargeable Band D properties as a result of housing growth;
- Changes in number of Band D properties in receipt of discounts and exemptions.
- A reduction in number of Band D properties as a result of proposed changes to the local Council Tax Support scheme in 2025/26 not being approved;
- An increase in number of Band D properties as a result of changes to the Empty Homes Premium policy in 2025/26;
- An increase in number of Band D properties as a result of the introduction of a premium applying to second homes from 2026/27;

The amount of council tax generated using this tax base would be dependent on the final level of charge approved by Council at its meeting in February 2026.

#### LEGAL POWERS AND IMPLICATIONS

Under the Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base) Regulations 1992, made under the powers of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, the Council has a statutory duty to set its tax between 1<sup>st</sup> December and 31<sup>st</sup> January each year, ahead of the following financial year.

#### CONSULTATION

Consultation in respect of the Tax Base has been undertaken with officers from across the council to ensure that the most up to date information has been gathered and considered within the detailed calculations.

# **RISK MANAGEMENT**

There is a risk that the actual tax base achieved in 2026/27 will differ from the estimated tax base as a result of potential movements in property growth, discounts granted or changes in the council tax support properties or because of future decisions that will be made on council tax related policies.

If the actual tax base is lower than estimated then the council will not collect the amount of council tax it expects, resulting in a potential deficit in the Collection Fund which will need to be funded in a subsequent financial year. This risk is reflected within the council's overall medium-term financial plan.

# **EQUALITY IMPLICATIONS**

Have you undertaken an Equality Impact Assessment? N/A

# **CORPORATE IMPLICATIONS**

The calculation and setting of the annual tax base is a statutory function and must be completed.

# **BACKGROUND PAPERS**

NA

# **SIGNATORIES:**

DECISION MAKER(S):

Signed:

Title: Cllr Mike Bell, Leader of the Council

Date: 18 December 2025

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Signed:

Title: Melanie Watts, Assistant Director – Finance & Data Insight and S151 Officer

Date: 17 December 2025

**APPENDIX A** – TAX BASE FOR 2026/27

PARISH	2025/26	2026/27	Change	% Change
ABBOTS LEIGH	433.6	439.9	6.3	1.5%
BANWELL	1,620.3	1,670.5	50.2	3.1%
BACKWELL	2,034.9	2,045.3	10.4	0.5%
BARROW GURNEY	312.6	337.1	24.5	7.8%
BLAGDON	512.0	513.8	1.8	0.4%
BLEADON	583.5	606.6	23.1	4.0%
BROCKLEY	141.9	145.9	4.0	2.8%
BURRINGTON	266.2	269.0	2.8	1.1%
ВИТСОМВЕ	122.3	124.5	2.2	1.8%
CHURCHILL	1,186.1	1,208.5	22.4	1.9%
CLAPTON-IN-GORDANO	186.8	195.6	8.8	4.7%
CLEEVE	377.1	384.0	6.9	1.8%
CLEVEDON	7,934.0	7,931.9	-2.1	0.0%
CONGRESBURY	1,573.9	1,584.0	10.1	0.6%
DUNDRY	387.0	394.2	7.2	1.9%
FLAX BOURTON	364.8	370.5	5.7	1.6%
HUTTON	1,191.3	1,186.5	-4.8	-0.4%
KENN	196.5	193.2	-3.3	-1.7%
KEWSTOKE	689.8	679.7	-10.1	-1.5%
KINGSTON SEYMOUR	191.1	187.4	-3.7	-1.9%
LOCKING	1,595.2	1,663.2	68.0	4.3%
LONG ASHTON	2,831.5	2,835.4	3.9	0.1%
LOXTON	100.2	100.8	0.6	0.6%
NAILSEA	6,487.3	6,585.2	97.9	1.5%
PILL & EASTON-IN-GORDANO	1,790.0	1,771.5	-18.5	-1.0%
PORTISHEAD	10,445.8	10,478.0	32.2	0.3%
PORTBURY	446.5	447.5	1.0	0.2%
PUXTON	150.1	148.3	-1.8	-1.2%
ST GEORGES	1,144.4	1,139.4	-5.0	-0.4%
TICKENHAM	540.2	543.3	3.1	0.6%
WALTON-IN-GORDANO	140.8	140.6	-0.2	-0.1%
WESTON-IN-GORDANO	145.0	146.0	1.0	0.7%
WESTON-S-MARE	27,142.3	27,210.0	67.7	0.2%
WICK ST LAWRENCE	559.8	558.5	-1.3	-0.2%
WINFORD	1,014.5	1,019.5	5.0	0.5%
WINSCOMBE & SANDFORD	2,275.9	2,294.2	18.3	0.8%
WRAXALL	1,186.6	1,188.8	2.2	0.2%
WRINGTON	1,278.1	1,300.6	22.5	1.8%
YATTON	3,180.9	3,210.2	29.3	0.9%
	82,760.8	83,249.1	488.3	0.59%

Footnote: Details of changes made and agreed by the decision taker since publication of the proposed (pre-signed) decision notice, if applicable:

Analysis of changes:							
PARISH	In-Year Growth Forecast Variance	Growth Forecast for 2026/27 (net Band D)	Council Tax Support Impacts	Impact of other Discounts and Exemptions	Impact of Empty Property Premium	Impact of Second Homes Premium	Aggregate Changes
ABBOTS LEIGH	1.1	1.3	-0.5	5.4	-1.9	0.9	6.3
BANWELL	16.9	43.5	-6.9	-7.1	2.3	1.4	50.2
BACKWELL	1.7	22.8	-5.0	-19.1	6.7	3.3	10.4
BARROW GURNEY	6.7	15.4	0.3	-1.7	3.9	0.0	24.5
BLAGDON	-0.5	0.3	-1.9	-1.8	1.1	4.6	1.8
BLEADON	6.7	17.2	-4.3	-2.3	3.7	2.0	23.1
BROCKLEY	2.1	0.8	0.4	-0.3	0.0	1.0	4.0
BURRINGTON	-0.5	0.4	0.0	0.3	2.2	0.5	2.8
витсомве	-0.4	1.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	1.0	2.2
CHURCHILL	5.1	22.8	-3.0	-5.6	0.8	2.3	22.4
CLAPTON-IN-GORDANO	0.8	0.8	0.9	3.3	2.6	0.4	8.8
CLEEVE	0.3	0.3	1.7	2.3	1.1	1.2	6.9
CLEVEDON	-4.6	10.3	-23.1	-14.6	5.2	24.8	-2.1
CONGRESBURY	10.5	2.7	-9.5	2.8	0.0	3.5	10.0
DUNDRY	0.8	2.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.9	7.2
FLAX BOURTON	-0.8	0.8	-0.4	3.6	2.5	0.0	5.7
HUTTON	-1.1	0.3	<b>-</b> 2.6	<b>-</b> 3.9	1.3	1.2	-4.8
KENN	-0.6	0.0	<b>-</b> 1.2	<b>-</b> 2.3	0.0	0.8	-3.3
KEWSTOKE	-6.5	0.9	<b>-</b> 6.0	-4.5	1.1	4.9	-10.1
KINGSTON SEYMOUR	0.0	0.0	-1.5	-2.2	0.0	0.0	-3.7
LOCKING	10.0	82.7	-23.4	-2.1	0.8	0.0	68.0
LONG ASHTON	-4.6	12.5	-0.8	-14.0	5.9	4.8	3.8
LOXTON	-0.8	0.4	0.1	0.5	-0.1	0.5	0.6
NAILSEA	36.4	79.0	-29.7	-1.0	8.5	4.7	97.9
PILL & EASTON-IN-GORDANO	-1.4	0.9	-11.5	-8.0	-0.5	2.0	-18.5
PORTISHEAD	24.3	2.6	-28.3	-5.8	17.0	22.4	32.2
PORTBURY	-0.7	0.4	<b>-</b> 2.1	2.7	0.2	0.5	1.0
PUXTON	-0.8	1.1	0.4	-3.2	-0.3	1.0	-1.8
ST GEORGES	1.1	0.3	-7.8	-3.3	3.1	1.6	-5.0
TICKENHAM	-3.0	4.8	0.3	1.8	-0.7	0.0	3.1
WALTON-IN-GORDANO	0.0	0.0	0.9	-3.0	1.5	0.4	-0.2
WESTON-IN-GORDANO	0.7	0.0	0.0	-0.3	0.0	0.7	1.0
WESTON-S-MARE	82.6	94.7	-197.4	-37.9	61.2	64.4	
WICK ST LAWRENCE	-0.9	0.8	-1.4	0.3	-0.8	0.8	-1.3
WINFORD	-2.7	3.6	-1.7	0.2	4.0	1.7	5.0
WINSCOMBE & SANDFORD	7.8	21.9	-10.5	-5.7	-2.6	7.2	18.2
WRAXALL	0.4	1.7	-0.7	-4.7	4.6	0.9	2.2
WRINGTON	-2.5	17.4	-6.1	8.5	1.5	3.7	22.5
YATTON	20.1	23.0	-14.7	-5.3	3.6	2.6	29.3
	203.6	491.5	-395.7	-126.9	140.1	175.6	488.3